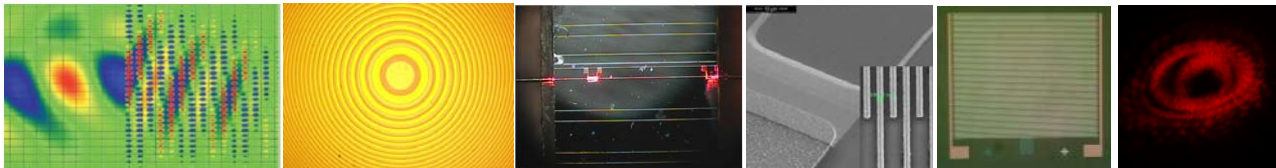


## Laboratorul de Micro si Nanofotonica – L3



<http://www.imt.ro/organisation/research%20labs/L3/index.htm>

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### MISIUNE

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L3 are ca misiune cercetarea stiintifica si dezvoltarea de dispozitive cu aplicatii in micro/nano fotonica in domeniul spectral UV-Vis-IR.

**1. Modelare, simulare, CAD pentru structuri micro si nano-fotonice**

- Dispozitive si circuite integrate optoelectronice;
- Circuite fotonice integrate ;
- Componente de microoptica si elemente optice diffractive;
- MOEMs;
- Structuri plasmonice
- Componente micro-optice; elemente optice diffractive.

**2. Caracterizari optice si electrice pentru materiale si dispozitive**

- **Noi materiale pentru micro-si nano-fotonica** (nanocompozite hibride cu proprietati optice controlate, oxizi semiconductori transparenti, grafena, puncte cuantice), **noi procese si dezvoltare de dispozitive**
- **Componente micro-nano-fotonice pentru senzori** (structuri plasmonice, componente microoptice, DOE, structuri ptoluidice, biosenzori optici)

Echipa L3 are o expertiza multidisciplinara in Optoelectronica/Electronica, Fizica si Chimie fiind compusa din 6 cercetatori seniori, 3 post-doctoranzi si un doctorand. Laboratorul este coordonat de catre Dr. Dana Cristea ([dana.cristea@imt.ro](mailto:dana.cristea@imt.ro))

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### DIRECTII NOI DE CERCETARE

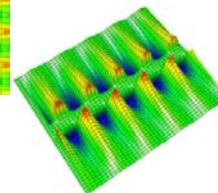
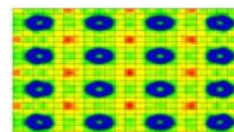
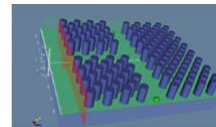
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- Optoelectronica organica (incluzand si dispozitive pe baza de nanocompozite grafena-polimer);
- Electronica transparenta.
- Dispozitive si componente fotonice si plasmonice, metamateriale si metasuprafete
- Vortexuri optice si comunicatii optice prin spatiu liber.

## Facilitati

### 1. Modelare si simulare:

- **Opti FDTD 12.2.1** – proiectare, modelare, simulare, CAD a componentelor fotonice pasive si neliniare prin metoda FDTD (Finite-Difference Time-Domain)
- **OptiBPM 11.0** - proiectare, modelare, simulare, CAD a ghidurilor optice si a circuitelor fotonice integrate complexe prin metoda BPM (beam propagation method).
- **OptiGrating, LaserMod**
- **3Lit** – design pentru elemente micro-optice 3D.
- **Zemax** – design optic.



### 2. Tehnologie:

- glove box pentru prepararea si depunerea nanocompozitelor si straturilor organice



### 3. Caracterizare:

- **Spectrofotometre** pentru domeniul UV-VIS-NIR si IR;
- **Elipsometru spectroscopic**
- **Sistem complex** rezultat prin cuplarea **modulului TERS/AFM** la **spectrometrul micro-Raman – LabHR 800** pentru analiza nanostructurilor carbonice si oxidice (nanotuburi, nano/micro fire, grafene, nanocompozite).
- **Alpha300 S System** –microscopie de baleiaj in camp apropiat (SNOM), microscopie confocala , microscopie de forta atomica, spectrometrie Raman
- **Tensiometru Optic Theta** (KSW Instruments)
- **Montaj experimental** pentru caracterizarea optoelectronica a dispozitivelor in UV-Vis-NIR



## PROIECTE RECENTE

### Internationale

- **MIMOMEMS**- European Centre of Excellence in Microwave, Millimetre Wave and Optical Devices, based on Micro-Electro-Mechanical Systems for Advanced Communication Systems and Sensors, REGPOT call 2007-1, Contract no. 202897, - Contact Dr. Dana Cristea, <http://www.imt.ro/mimomems>

- FlexPAET- Flexible Patterning of Complex Micro Structures using Adaptive Embossing Technology, IP, NMP, Contact Dr. Dana Cristea <http://www.flexpaet.eu/>

#### *Nationale*

- ROSA (Romanian Space Agency)
  - Fotodetectoare pe straturi subtiri- noi concepte si studii privind utilizarea in aplicatii aerospatiale - coordonator Dr. Dana Cristea;
  - Bolometre in IR mijlociu si indepartat pentru aplicatii spatiale – coordonator Dr. Mihai Kusko
- Cooperare, PNCD II
  - Nanostructuri 1D si 2D pe baza de ZnO si procese tehnologice inovative pentru integrarea lor directa in dispozitive de sesizare gaze si de detectie a radiatiei UV NANOZON, - coordonator Dr. Munizer Purica, <http://www.imt.ro/nanozon/>
  - Dezvoltare tehnici de litografie soft pentru micro-nanofotonica, LISOF, 2007-2010 - Coordonator Dr. Paula Obreja, <http://www.imt.ro/lisof/>
  - Procese si dispozitive pe baza de straturi subtiri oxidice si polimerice pentru electronica si optoelectronica transparenta, ELOTRANSP, Coordonator Dr. Munizer Purica, <http://www.imt.ro/ELOTRANSP>
  - Comunicatii optice securizate de mare capacitate prin spatiul liber, bazate pe holograme generate pe computer, HOLOCOMM - Coordonator Dr. Cristian Kusko; <http://www.imt.ro/holcomm>
  - Spectrometru compact in infraros, COSPIR – Coordonator Dr. Mihai Kusko, <http://www.imt.ro/cospir/>
- IDEI, PNII
  - Arhitecturi moleculare multifunctionale pentru electronica organica si nanotehnologii- studiu teoretic si experimental - coordonator Dr. Dana Cristea, <http://www.imt.ro/amelor/>
- MNT ERA-NET projects
  - Nanostructuri de ZnO multifunctionale: de la materiale la o noua generatie de dispozitive, Contact Dr. Munizer Purica (munizer.purica@imt.ro)
- Cooperare PNCDI III
  - PNIII- PET - Transfer tehnologic pentru cresterea nivelului de securizare si a calitatii etichetelor holografice, - Contact Dr. Dana Cristea
  - PNIII PED - Tehnologie de realizare fotodetectoare multispectrale cu aplicatii in sistemele optice de observare si supraveghere – Coordonator Dr. Dana Cristea

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 REZULTATE OBTINUTE
 

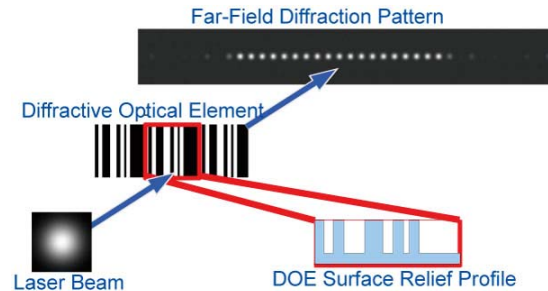
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**Micro-optica difractiva - Tehnologii**

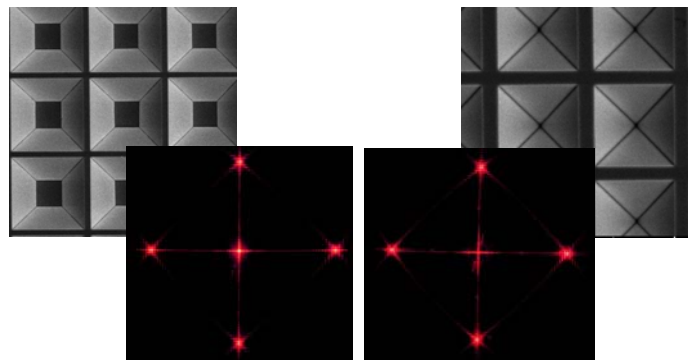
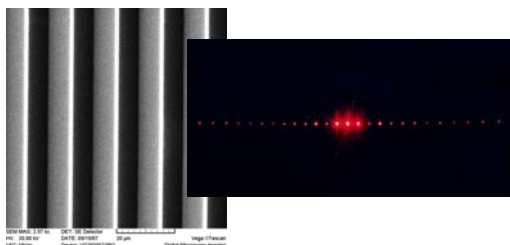
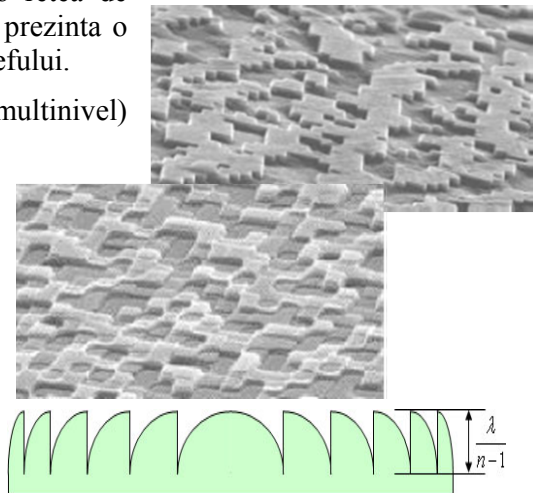
## ■ Elemente de micro-optica difractiva

**Dr. Mihai Kusko** ([mihai.kusko@imt.ro](mailto:mihai.kusko@imt.ro))

*Micro-optica difractiva* se bazeaza pe fenomenul de interferenta si prezinta avantajul ca necesita dispozitive planare care pot fi realizate prin tehnici litografice si de microprelucrare similare cu cele utilizate in micro si nano-electronica. Elementele optice difractive (DOE) sunt structuri micro.nano-optice care transforma un fascicul laser de intrare intr-o distributie luminoasa specifica utilizand fenomenul de difractie.

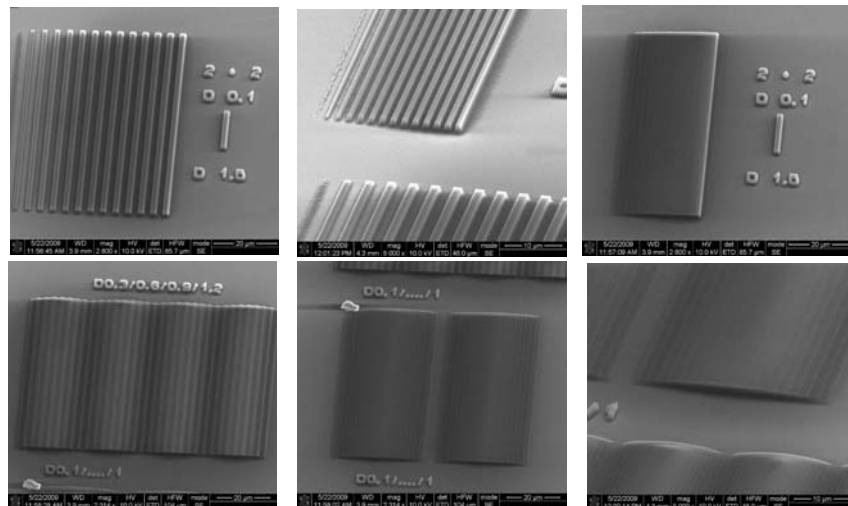


- Suprafata de difractie a unui DOE consta dintr-o retea de elemente optice micro sau nanostructurate care si prezinta o variatie locala 2D a perioadei si o variatie 3D a reliefului.
- Variatia reliefului – in trepte (structuri binare sau multinivel) sau continua
- DOE permit practic obtinerea oricarei distributii de intensitate a fascicului emergent
- Aplicatii: componente pentru comunicatii optice (elemente de cuplaj, splitere, etc.), procesarea materialelor cu laserul, spectroscopie, senzori, elemente de securitate.



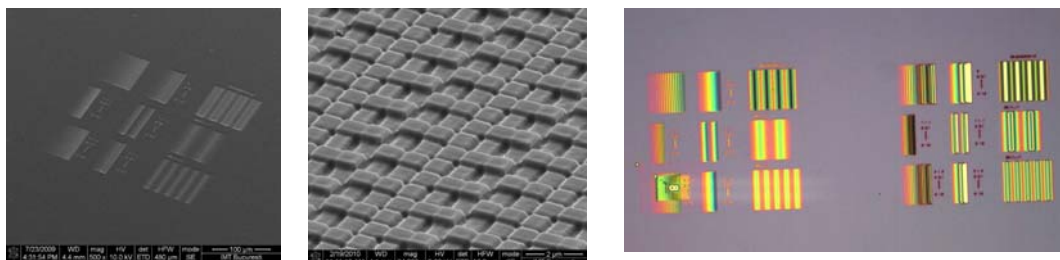
- Litografie 3D in rezisti cu contrast redus - SU 8

Dr. Dana Cristea ([dana.cristea@imt.ro](mailto:dana.cristea@imt.ro))



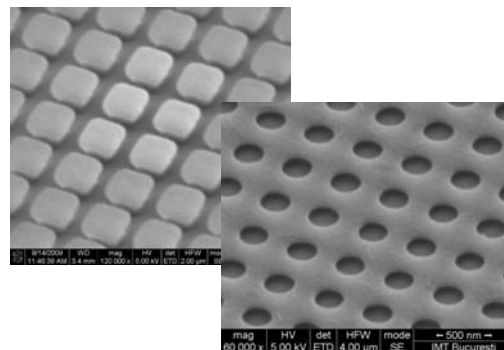
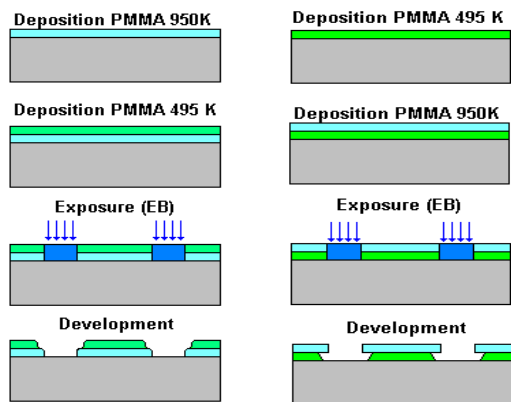
- Litografie 3D in rezisti cu contrast redus – PMMA

Dr. Dana Cristea ([dana.cristea@imt.ro](mailto:dana.cristea@imt.ro))



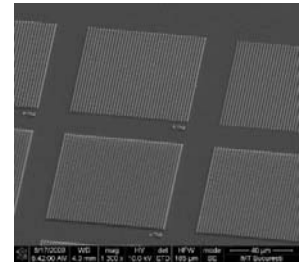
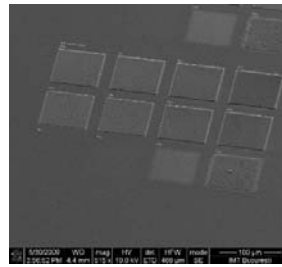
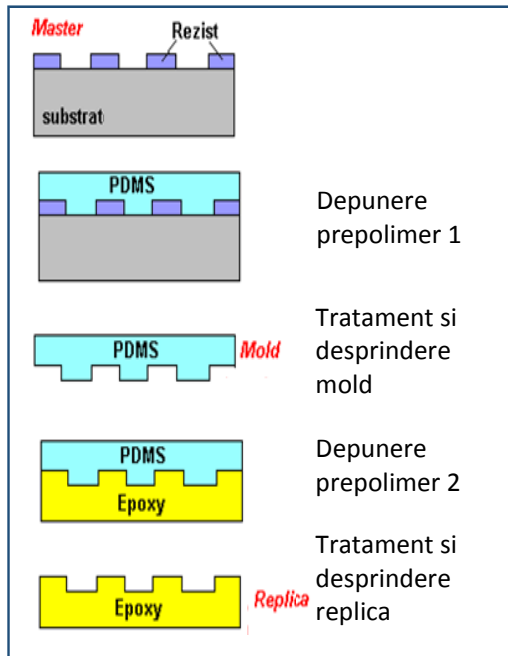
- Litografie 3D in straturi duble de rezisti

Au fost utilizati doi rezisti cu rate de corodare diferite.





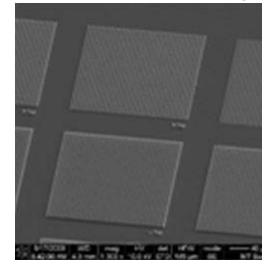
- Replicare a unor mastere cu profil 2D/3D - Paula Obreja ([paula.obreja@imt.ro](mailto:paula.obreja@imt.ro))



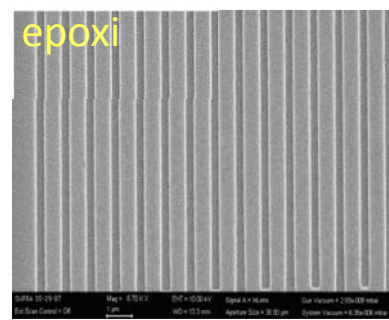
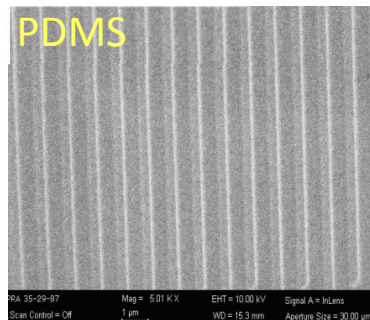
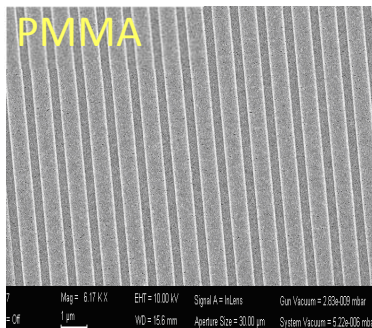
PDMS – Copie negativa

SU-8 - Original

Epoxy – Copie pozitiva



- Retele de difracție (linia de 200 nm replicate) in rasina epoxidica

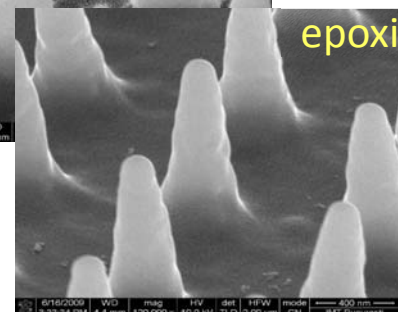
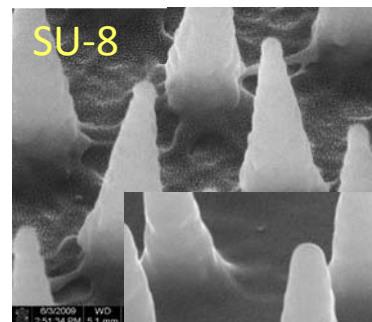
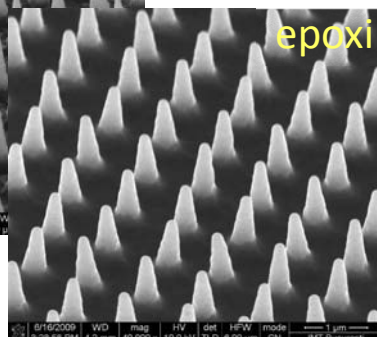
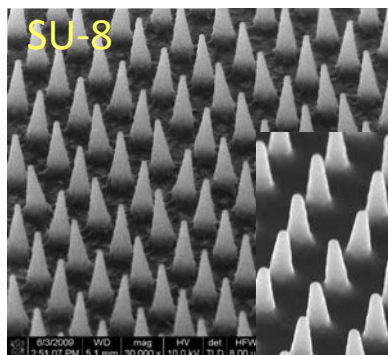


Original

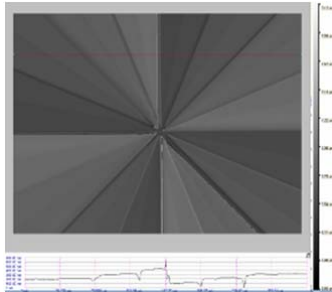
Copie negativa

Copie pozitiva

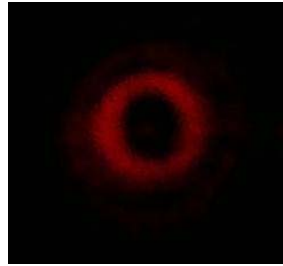
- Replica in rasina epoxi a unor originale realizate in SU-8 (s-a utilizat o matrita de PDMS-copia negativa)



▪ **Structuri multinivel obtinute prin etape succesive de litografie si corodare - Comunicatii optice securizate de mare capacitate prin spatiul liber, bazate pe holograme generate pe computer – Proiect PN-II-PT-PCCA 2011-2015 – Dr. Cristian Kusko ([cristian.kusko@imt.ro](mailto:cristian.kusko@imt.ro))**



Imaginea de interferometrie in lumina alba a unui element optic difractiv cu 8 nivele (3 masti) care genereaza un vortex optic cu ordinul  $m=4$ .



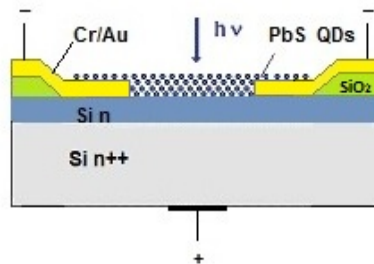
vortex optic de ordinul  $m=4$



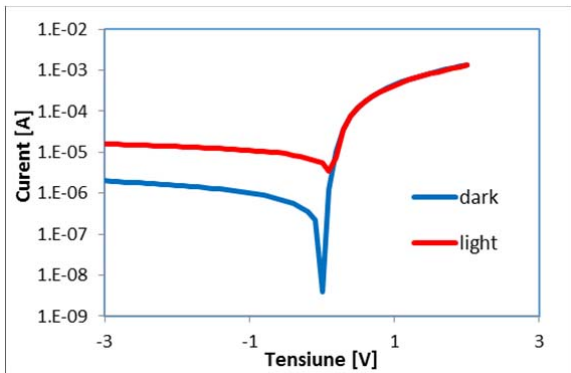
interferenta a doua vortexuri cu  $m=4$  si  $m=-4$

**Fotodetectoare cu raspuns imbunatatit in IR - Fotodetectoare pe straturi subtiri - noi concepte si studii privind utilizarea in aplicatii aerospatiale Proiect STAR - Dr. Dana Cristea ([dana.cristea@imt.ro](mailto:dana.cristea@imt.ro))**

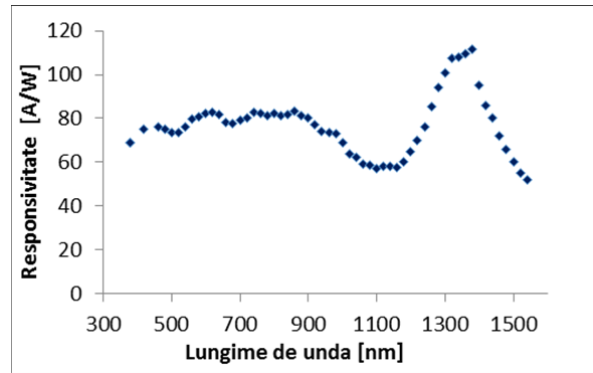
Fotodetector hibrid PbS/Si-sectiune realizate prin depunerea de straturi subtiri de puncte cuantice de PbS (PbS QDs) peste structuri Schottky Au/Si.



Sectiune prin structura si modul de polarizare



Caracteristicile I-V la intuneric si iluminare



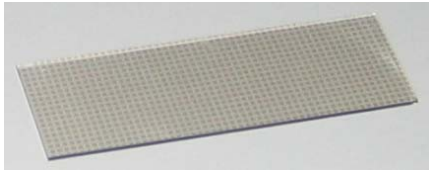
Responsivitatea spectrala ( $V = 1V$ ,  $P_{opt} \sim 25 \text{ nW}$ )

Responsivitati in domeniul 60-100 A/W pentru.  $\lambda = 350\text{-}1550 \text{ nm}$

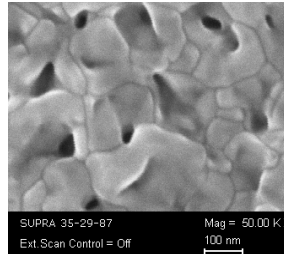
## Senzori pentru radiatia UV cu factor de rejectie mare a radiatiei vizibile pe baza de straturi subtiri oxidice nanostructurate

Contact: Dr Purica Munizer ([munizer.purica@imt.ro](mailto:munizer.purica@imt.ro))

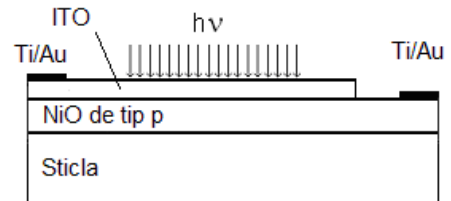
Structurile de detectie pentru radiatia UV cu heterojunctiune Schottky transparenta s-au realizat pe substrat transparente (sticla, quart, substrat flexibil de PET) utilizand straturi subtiri de semiconductoare oxidice de banda larga ( $> 3\text{eV}$ ) de tip n si p: p-NiO, n-ZnO, n-ITO, p-CuO.



Structura cu heterojunctiune transparenta NiO(p)/ITO(n)



Imagine SEM a stratului de NiO nanostructurat

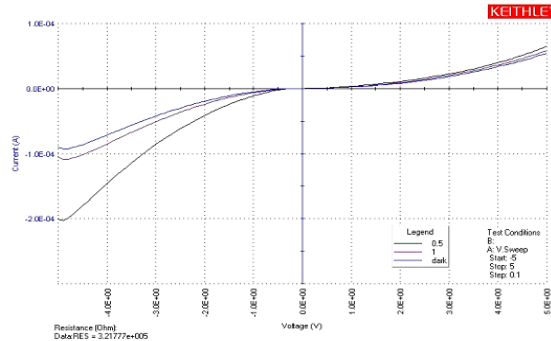


Reprezentare schematica a sectionii prin structura

$\lambda < 350\text{ nm}$  -  $I \sim 300\text{ }\mu\text{A}$

$\lambda > 400\text{ nm}$  -  $I \sim I_{\text{dark}}$

→ absorbtia radiatiei UV are loc in stratul de NiO si colectarea purtatorilor in jonctiunea Schottky transparenta



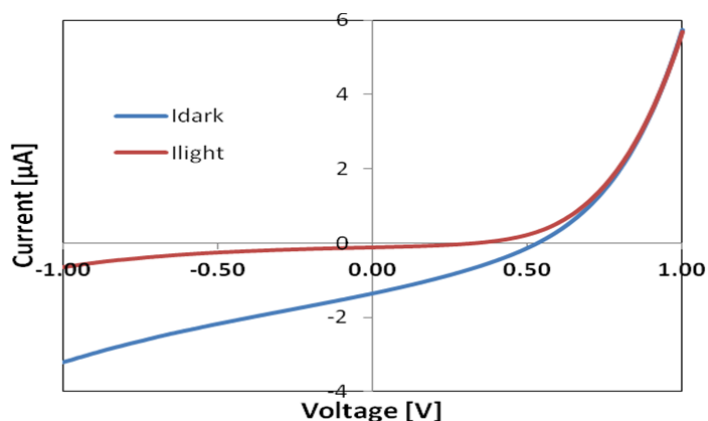
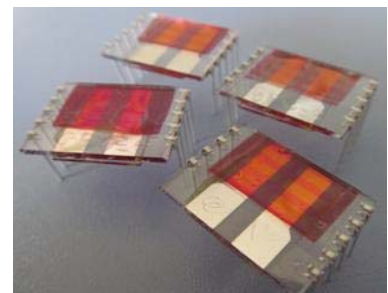
## Dispozitive pe baza de nanoparticule de ZnO

Contact: Paula Obreja ([paula.obreja@imt.ro](mailto:paula.obreja@imt.ro))

Au fost obtinute componente si dispozitive experimentale de tip heterojunctiuni de volum (BHJ) sensibile la iluminare atat in vizibil cat si in UV.

Structurile experimentale obtinute de tip:

- ITO/ZnO/P3HT:PC61BM/PEDOT:PSS/Ag si
- ITO/ZnO/P3HT:PC61BM/MoO<sub>3</sub>/Ag



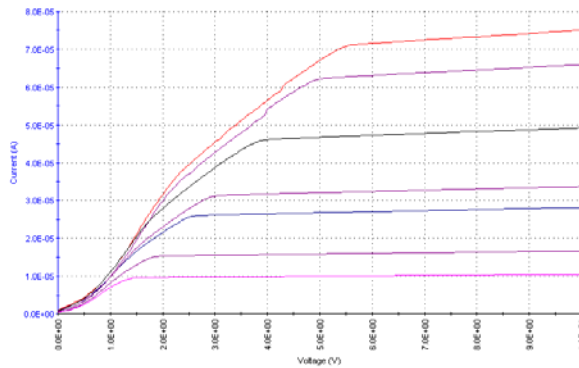
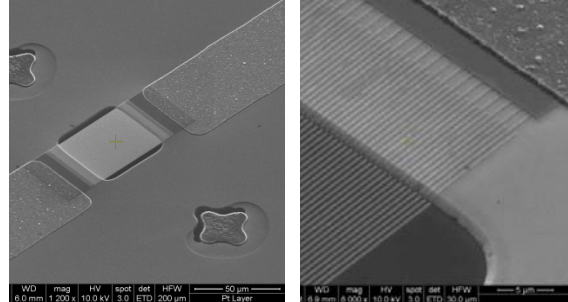
Caracteristicile I-V pentru un dispozitiv fotovoltaic de tip ITO/ZnO/P3HT:PC61BM/MoO<sub>3</sub>/Ag cu strat de ZnO de 40 nm grosime si arie de 4,5 mm<sup>2</sup>



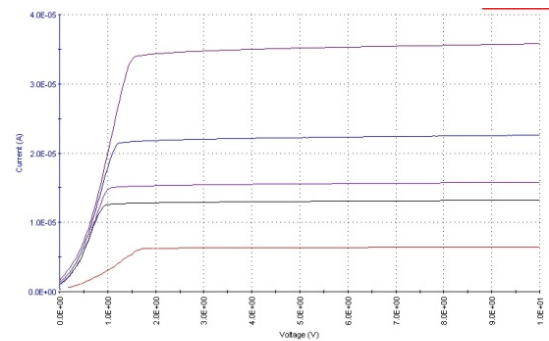
## Fotodetectoare rapide si eficiente de tip MSM cu electrozi transparenti submicronice pe straturi subtiri de materiale semiconductor

Contact: Elena Budianu ([elena.budianu@imt.ro](mailto:elena.budianu@imt.ro))

Fotodetectoare de tip MSM cu electrozi interdigitati si transparenti de 150 nm si 300 nm latime din straturi oxidice transparente si conductive de tip n - ITO, ZnO pe substraturi ultrasubtiri de siliciu ( ~ 2  $\mu\text{m}$  plachete SOI).



a)



b)

Caracteristicile I-V pentru diverse nivele de iluminare in UV (365 nm) a MSM cu electrozi de:  
a) 150 nm latime; b) 300 nm latime